

ANSWERS Senior 1.4 – TEST [A] - May 27th – 60 min.

III. Adjacent Sequences and approximation of the square root of a number
Let f be defined by
$$f(x) = \frac{x+3}{x+1}$$
 and the sequence (x_0) defined by $x_{n+1} = f(x_n)$ with $x_0 = 0$
We are going to study two different methods to find the limit of this sequence :
1. First method:
a. Prove by recurrence that for any $n \ge 0$, $0 \le x_n \le 3 [P_n]$ $f(x) = \frac{x+3}{x+1} = 1 + \frac{2}{x+1}$ \therefore *f* Decreasing
i. Initialization: $[P_0] \Leftrightarrow 0 \le x_n \le 3 \Rightarrow 0f$ DEcreasing $f(0) \ge f(x_0) \ge f(3) \Rightarrow 3 \le x_{n+1} \ge 1.5 \Rightarrow [P_{n+1}]$
i. For any $n \ge 0$, $|x_n - \sqrt{3}| \le q|x_{n+1} - \sqrt{3}| = |\frac{(x_{n+1} - \sqrt{3}](1 - \sqrt{3})}{x_{n+1} - 1}|$
 \therefore $|x_n - \sqrt{3}| = |\frac{x_{n+1} + 3}{x_{n+1} - \sqrt{3}|} = |\frac{(x_{n-1} - \sqrt{3}](1 - \sqrt{3})}{x_{n+1} - 1}|$
 \therefore $|x_n - \sqrt{3}| \le |\frac{\sqrt{3} - 1}{x_{n+1}}|x_{n-1} - \sqrt{3}| \le q^2 \sqrt{3}$ TRUE !
ii. Heredity: $[P_n] \Leftrightarrow 0 \le |x_n - \sqrt{3}| \le q^2 \sqrt{3}$ TRUE !
ii. Heredity: $[P_n] \Leftrightarrow 0 \le |x_n - \sqrt{3}| \le q^2 \sqrt{3}$ TRUE !
ii. Heredity: $[P_n] \Leftrightarrow 0 \le |x_n - \sqrt{3}| \le q^2 \sqrt{3}$ TRUE !
ii. Heredity: $[P_n] \Leftrightarrow 0 \le |x_n - \sqrt{3}| \le q^2 \sqrt{3}$ TRUE !
ii. Heredity: $[P_n] \Leftrightarrow 0 \le |x_n - \sqrt{3}| \le q^2 \sqrt{3}$ the sequence (u_n) is increasing and $g_{(n)-1}f(g_{(n)-1} + \frac{x_{2n}}{2} + g(g_{(n-2)})$ and $v_n = x_{2n-1} = g(w_{n-1})$
a. *f* is DEcreasing on $[0; +\infty] = g_{(n-1)} = g_{(n$